

$$\langle \hat{H} \rangle = \sum_{\vec{n}} \frac{E_{\vec{n}}}{e^{\beta(E_{\vec{n}} - \tilde{\mu})} - 1} \quad \text{avec} \quad E_{\vec{n}} = \sum_{i=1}^D (n_i + \frac{1}{2}) \hbar \omega_i$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^D \frac{1}{2} \hbar \omega_i \underbrace{\sum_{\vec{n}} \frac{1}{e^{\beta(E_{\vec{n}} - \tilde{\mu})} - 1}}_{=N} + \sum_{\vec{n}} \frac{\sum_i n_i \hbar \omega_i}{e^{\beta(\sum_i n_i \hbar \omega_i - \tilde{\mu})} - 1}$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i + \int_0^{\infty} dn_1 \dots \int_0^{\infty} dn_D \sum_{i=1}^D n_i \hbar \omega_i \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} e^{-l\beta(\sum_i n_i \hbar \omega_i - \tilde{\mu})}$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i - \int_0^{\infty} dn_1 \dots \int_0^{\infty} dn_D \frac{\hbar}{\beta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hbar} \left[\sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{l} e^{-l\beta(\sum_i n_i \hbar \omega_i - \tilde{\mu})} \right]$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i - \frac{\hbar}{\beta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hbar} \left[\sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{l} e^{l\beta \tilde{\mu}} \prod_{i=1}^D \int_0^{\infty} dn_i e^{-n_i l \beta \hbar \omega_i} \right]$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i - \frac{\hbar}{\beta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \hbar} \left[\frac{1}{(\beta \hbar \bar{\omega})^D} \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{l^{D+1}} e^{l\beta \tilde{\mu}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i + \frac{D}{\beta} \frac{1}{(\beta \hbar \bar{\omega})^D} \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^l}{l^{D+1}}$$

$$= \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i + D k_B T \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D g_{D+1}(z) \quad \text{avec} \quad z = e^{\beta \tilde{\mu}}$$

pour $T > T_c$

$T < T_c$: remplacer N par $N - N_0$ et $g_{D+1}(z)$ par $\xi(D+1)$

et ajouter $N_0 E_0 = \frac{N_0}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i$

$$\Rightarrow \langle \hat{H} \rangle = \frac{N}{2} \sum_{i=1}^D \hbar \omega_i + D k_B T \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D \xi(D+1)$$

$$\langle \hat{H} \rangle = \frac{N}{2} \sum_{j=1}^D \hbar \omega_j + D k_B T \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D \begin{cases} \xi(D+1) : T < T_c \\ g_{D+1}(z) : T > T_c \end{cases}$$

Chaleur spécifique: $C_v = \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial \langle \hat{H} \rangle}{\partial T} \Big|_{N, V}$

On utilise $N = \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D g_D(z) = \left(\frac{k_B T_c}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D \xi_0$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D = \frac{N}{\xi(D)} \left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right)^D$$

$T < T_c$:

$$C_v = \frac{1}{N} (D+1) D k_B T \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D \xi(D+1) = k_B D (D+1) \frac{\xi(D+1)}{\xi(D)} \left(\frac{T}{T_c} \right)^D$$

$T > T_c$:

On utilise $0 = \frac{dN}{dT} (T, z(T)) = \left(\frac{D}{T} g_D(z) + g_D'(z) z'(T) \right) \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D$

et $g_D'(z) = \frac{d}{dz} \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^l}{l^D} = \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{l z^{l-1}}{l^D} = \frac{1}{z} \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} \frac{z^l}{l^{D-1}} = \frac{1}{z} g_{D-1}(z)$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dT} g_{D+1}(z) = g_{D+1}'(z) z'(T) = \frac{g_D(z)}{z} \left(-\frac{D}{T} \frac{z g_D(z)}{g_{D-1}(z)} \right) = -\frac{D}{T} \frac{g_D^2(z)}{g_{D-1}(z)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow C_v &= \frac{1}{N} (D+1) D k_B \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D g_{D+1}(z) - \frac{1}{N} D k_B T \left(\frac{k_B T}{\hbar \bar{\omega}} \right)^D \frac{D}{T} \frac{g_D^2(z)}{g_{D-1}(z)} \\ &= k_B D \left[(D+1) \frac{g_{D+1}(z)}{g_D(z)} - D \frac{g_D(z)}{g_{D-1}(z)} \right] \end{aligned}$$